

# **How to Manufacture Synthetic Resins (Actel Resins, Amino Resins, Casein Resins, Acrylonitrile Resins, Alkyd Resin, Epoxy Resins, Ion-exchange Resins, Polycarbonates Resins, Polyamide Resins, Polyvinyl Acetate Solid Resins, etc.)**

## **Description:**

Synthetic resin is typically manufactured using a chemical polymerization process. This process then results in the creation of polymers that are more stable and homogeneous than naturally occurring resin. Since they are more stable and are cheaper, various forms of synthetic resin are used in a variety of products such as plastics, paints, varnishes, and textiles. There are various kinds of synthetic resins; acetal resins, amino resins, casein resins, epoxy resins, emulsion polymers, hydrocarbon resins, polyamide resins, polyesters rubber resins etc. The classic variety is epoxy resin, manufactured through polymerization, used as a thermoset polymer for adhesives and composites. Epoxy resin is two times stronger than concrete, seamless and waterproof. Polyamide resin is another example of synthetic resins. Polyamide resins are products of polymerization of an amino acid or the condensation of a diamine with a dicarboxylic acid.

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